

Asset Management / Fund Factsheet / 31.05.2023

# Vontobel Fund II - Vescore Active Beta H (hedged), CHF

Marketing document for retail investors in: CH, LU

## Investment objective

This absolute-return-oriented multi-asset fund aims to participate in rising markets, achieve steady value growth in the long term with a balanced risk profile (usual target volatility: 5.5%), as well as promote environmental and social characteristics.

# **Key features**

The fund invests worldwide mainly in equity and government bond derivatives. Based on quantitative models, it systematically adapts its equity ratio and bond duration to the risks and opportunities offered by the prevailing market conditions. Usually, the equity weighting range is 0-60% and the duration range is 0-10 years. The securities portfolio applies an ESG (Environmental, Social, Governance) integration/exclusion approach.

## Approach

Vescore's investment process combines proprietary models, cutting-edge technology, and active management. The models used continuingly assess the fundamental macro-economic risk environment and return potential with a long-term view and make investment decisions without emotional bias, while ensuring systematic risk control at all times. To promote environmental and social characteristics, the securities portfolio excludes corporates and sovereigns with an ESG rating below the defined minimum threshold and includes at least 5% green, social or sustainable bonds.

# Risk and reward profile

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
◆ Lower risk (typically lower reward)			Higher risk ► (typically higher reward)			

0.1

-20.1

8.9

Investment manager Von	tobel Asset Management S.A.
Fund domicile, legal structure, SFDR	Luxembourg, UCITS, Art. 8
Currency of the fund / shareclass	EUR / CHF
Launch date fund / shareclass	11.11.2002 / 21.01.2019
Fund size	EUR 391.97 mio
Net asset value (NAV) / share	CHF 93.21
ISIN / VALOR	LU1936094736 / 45838269
Ongoing charges (incl. Mgmt. fee) as of 30.09.20	22 1.12%
Maximum entry / switching / exit fee1)	5.00% / 1.00% / 0.30%
Distribution policy	reinvesting

 $^{1)}$  Refer to fund distributor for actual applicable fees, if any. No reference index is mentioned as the fund's objective is not linked to an index.

# **Portfolio Characteristics**

Volatility, annualized <sup>2)</sup>	6.77%
Sharpe ratio <sup>2)</sup>	negative
Modified duration (years)	0.42

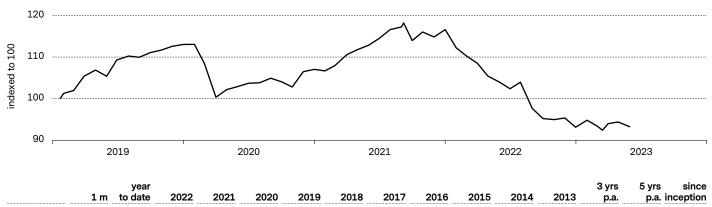
-3.2

-6.8

2) calculated over 3 years

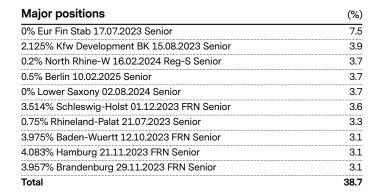
# Historical Performance (%)

Fund

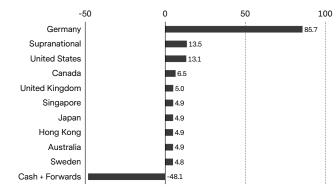


Past Performance is not a guide to current or future performance. Performance data do not take account of the entry / exit commissions and costs incurred, and reflect gross distributions reinvested. Performance of a fund can rise or fall, i.a. as a result of currency fluctuations. The investment policy was changed as at 30.11.2022.

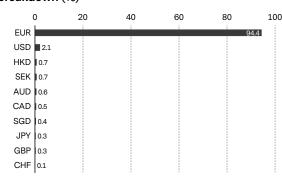
13.0



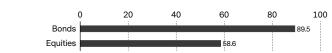
# Geographical breakdown (%)



# Currency breakdown (%)



## Portfolio Structure (%)



Market exposure per asset class. Exposures may not total 100% due to derivative instruments usage (like Options, Futures, etc).

#### Risks

- Investments in foreign currencies are subject to currency fluctuations.
- It cannot be guaranteed that the investor will recover the capital invested.
- Interest rates may vary, bonds suffer price declines on rising interest rates.
- Use of Derivatives may entail additional risks (e.g. Counterparty risk).
- Price fluctuations of investments due to market, industry and issuer linked changes are possible.
- Money market investments are associated with risks of a money market, such as interest rate fluctuations, inflation risk and economic instability.
- The Sub-Fund's investments may be subject to sustainability risks. The sustainability risks that the Sub-Fund may be subject to
  are likely to have an immaterial impact on the value of the Sub-Funds' investments in the medium to long term due to the
  mitigating nature of the Sub-Fund's ESG approach.
- The Sub-Funds' performance may be positively or negatively affected by its sustainability strategy.
- The ability to meet social or environmental objectives might be affected by incomplete or inaccurate data from third-party providers
- Information on how environmental and social objectives are achieved and how sustainability risks are managed in this Sub-Fund may be obtained from Vontobel.com/SFDR.

## Glossary

Asset class is a group of financial instruments with similar attributes, such as cash, money market, equities or bonds. The asset class is important in categorizing funds by type of investments. Distribution policy of a fund defines the dividend distribution for its share classes to investors. Accumulating share classes reinvest the income received from the fund holdings back into the fund and do not distribute to shareholders. Distributing shares typically make cash payments to shareholders on a periodic basis. Duration, or Macaulay Duration, indicates the number of years an investor would need to maintain a position in the bond until the present value of the bond's cash flows equals the amount paid for the bond. The longer the duration, the more a bond's price will be affected by changes in interest rates. Duration may also be used to compare the risk of debt securities with different maturities and yields. Environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria are a set of metrics or ratings that are used to screen potential investments for issues that might affect the financial performance and/or have a material impact on environment and society. ESG metrics reported in this document are for informative purposes and may not be part of the fund's investment process. Equity exposure illustrates the proportion of a fund that is invested in stocks (equities) and is usually expressed in percentage form. Forward, or forward contract, is an agreement between two parties to buy or sell an asset at a specified price on a future date, and is often used for hedging purposes or commodities trading, where a forward contract can be customized to an amount, delivery date, and commodity type (e.g. food, metals, oil or natural gas). Future, or futures contract, is a legal agreement to buy or sell a particular commodity asset, currency or security at a predetermined price at a future point in time. They are standardized contracts in terms of quality and quantity which facilitates trading on a futures exchange. ISIN (international Securities Identification Number) is a unique code that identifies a specific financial security. It is assigned by a country's respective national numbering agency (NNA). Modified duration is an adjusted version of Macaulay Duration and measures the percentage change in a bond price as a result of a change in yield. It is used to measure the sensitivity of a bonds cash flows to a change in interest rates and is more commonly used than Macaulay Duration. Net Asset Value (NAV) / share also known as the share price of a fund, represents the value per share of the fund. It is calculated by dividing the fund's assets less its liabilities by the number of shares outstanding. For most funds it is calculated and reported daily. Ongoing charges expresses the sum of the costs of running a fund on an ongoing basis, like the management fee and various legal and operating costs. It is calculated retroactively over a period of 12 months as a percentage of the fund assets. If the available data is insufficient, for example, for newly launched funds, ongoing charges may be estimated using data from funds with similar characteristics. Option is a derivative, financial instrument whose price derives from the value of underlying securities, like stocks. Call/put options give buyers the right (but not the obligation) to buy/sell an underlying asset at an agreed price and date. Share class is a compartment of a fund with a distinct client type, distribution policy, fee structure, currency, minimum investment, or other characteristics. The characteristics of each share class are described in the fund prospectus. Sharpe ratio measures excess return per unit of risk. The ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility. A portfolio with a higher Sharpe ratio is considered superior relative to its peers. SRRI is a value based on a sub fund's volatility, providing a gauge of the overall risk and reward profile of the sub fund. VALOR is an identification number issued by SIX Financial Information and assigned to financial instruments in Switzerland. Volatility measures the fluctuation of a fund's performance over a certain period. It is most commonly expressed using the annualized standard deviation. The higher the volatility, the riskier a fund tends to be.

# Important information

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