

Vontobel Fund - Commodity HI (hedged)

Approved for institutional investors in: AT, CH, DE, GB, LI, LU, SG (professional investors).

Investment objective

This commodity fund aims to achieve capital growth, while respecting risk diversification.

Key features

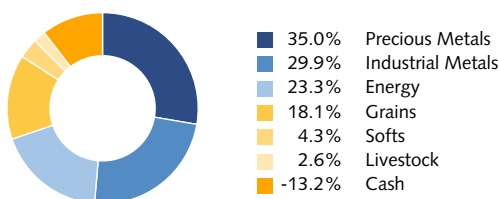
The fund invests indirectly in global commodity markets. This diversified basket of such commodity investments seeks to capture returns from commodity spot price developments as well as from active rolling of commodity future contracts.

Approach

The investment team of seasoned commodity specialists adheres to a rigorous process. Based on fundamental and quantitative analysis combined, the team dynamically selects the most promising opportunities within the investment universe and takes active positions on commodity futures curves.

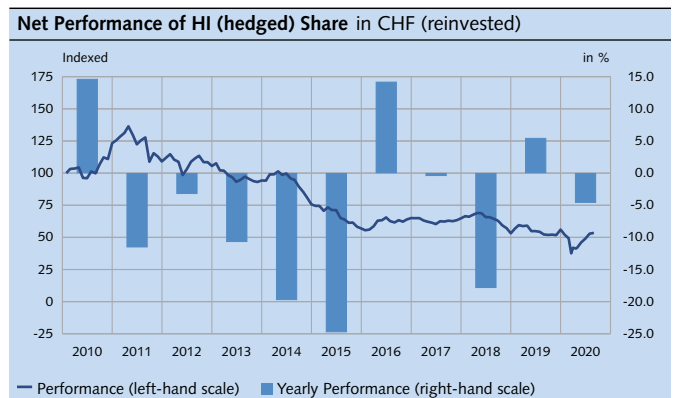
| Fund Data | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Portfolio Manager | Michel Salden |
| Portfolio Manager location | Zurich |
| Fund name / domicile | Vontobel Fund / Luxembourg |
| Fund currency | USD |
| Share class currency | CHF |
| Net asset value | 62.69 |
| Highest since launch | 159.86 |
| Lowest since launch | 44.03 |
| Fund volume in mln | 332.80 USD |
| Share class volume in mln | 13.40 CHF |
| Management fee | 0.750% |
| TER (per 28/02/2020) | 1.12% |
| Launch date | 16/02/2009 |
| Launch price | 100.00 |
| End of fiscal year | 31. August |
| ISIN | LU0415416287 |
| Valor | 4608302 |

Major Sectors



| Net Performance of HI (hedged) Share (in CHF and %) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|------|-------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| | 1 mth. | YTD | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 3 y. p.a. | 5 y. p.a. | since inception |
| Fund | 1.1 | -4.6 | 5.5 | -17.9 | -0.4 | -5.0 | -3.5 | -37.3 |
| Index | 6.6 | -10.4 | 4.0 | -14.0 | -0.6 | -6.0 | -5.7 | -43.5 |
| 09.15 – 08.16 | | | | | | | | |
| Fund | -3.4 | 1.1 | 3.2 | -18.7 | 2.3 | | | |
| Index | -10.8 | 0.7 | -2.3 | -9.0 | -6.5 | | | |
| Benchmark: Bloomberg Commodity Index Swiss Franc Hedged | | | | | | | | |

Source: Vontobel Asset Management AG. Past performance is not a guide to current or future performance. The performance data do not take account of the commissions and costs incurred on issue and redemption. The return of the fund can be a result of currency fluctuations rise or fall.



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| Key Data | |
|--------------------|----------|
| Volatility* | 17.23% |
| Sharpe ratio* | negative |
| Information ratio* | 0.12 |
| Tracking error* | 8.49% |
| Jensen's Alpha* | 1.51% |
| Beta* | 1.09 |

* 3 years annualized

Opportunities

- + Broad diversification across numerous securities
 - + Investments in foreign currencies might generate currency gains
 - + Possible extra returns through single security analysis and active management
 - + Gains on invested capital possible
 - + Use of derivatives for hedging purposes may increase subfund's performance and enhance returns
 - + Bond investments offer interest income and capital gains opportunities on declining market yields
 - + Gains by participating in the increasing demand for commodities and shortage of the same and subsequent price development are possible
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Risks

- Limited participation in potential of single securities
 - Investments in foreign currencies are subject to currency fluctuations
 - Success of single security analysis and active management cannot be guaranteed
 - It cannot be guaranteed that the investor will recover the capital invested
 - Derivatives entail risks relating to liquidity, leverage and credit fluctuations, illiquidity and volatility.
 - Interest rates may vary, bonds suffer price declines on rising interest rates.
 - Commodity investments might be subject to considerable volatility and exposed to sudden fluctuations over a long period. Various commodity markets may also be subject to direct government intervention that might cause extreme price volatility of commodity investments.
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Important legal information:

This marketing document is produced for institutional investors for distribution: CH.

This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute an offer, solicitation or recommendation to buy or sell shares of the fund/fund units or any investment instruments, to effect any transactions or to conclude any legal act of any kind whatsoever. Subscriptions of shares of the fund should in any event be made solely on the basis of the fund's current sales prospectus (the "Sales Prospectus"), the Key Investor Information Document («KIID»), its articles of incorporation and the most recent annual and semi-annual report of the fund and after seeking the advice of an independent finance, legal, accounting and tax specialist.

This document is directed only at recipients who are qualified investors as defined by Switzerland's Collective Investment Schemes Act («CISA»).

In particular, we wish to draw your attention to the following risks: Commodity investments can be very volatile and are prone to sudden swings over the long run. Governments may at times intervene directly in certain commodity markets. These interventions can cause significant swings in the prices of different commodities. Investments in derivatives are often exposed to the risks associated with the underlying markets or financial instruments, as well as issuer risks. Derivatives tend to carry more risk than direct investments. Investment universe may involve investments in countries where the local capital markets may not yet qualify as recognised capital markets. Money market investments are associated with risks of a money market, such as interest rate fluctuations, inflation risk and economic instability.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future performance. Performance data does not take into account any commissions and costs charged when shares of the fund are issued and redeemed, if applicable. The return of the fund may go down as well as up due to changes in rates of exchange between currencies. The value of the money invested in the fund can increase or decrease and there is no guarantee that all or part of your invested capital can be redeemed.

Interested parties may obtain the above-mentioned documents free of charge from the authorised distribution agencies and from the offices of the fund at 11-13 Boulevard de la Foire, L-1528 Luxembourg. Refer for more information on the fund to the latest prospectus, annual and semi-annual reports as well as the key investor information documents ("KIID"). These documents may also be downloaded from our website at vontobel.com/am, the representative in Switzerland: Vontobel Fonds Services AG, Gotthardstrasse 43, 8022 Zurich, the paying agent in Switzerland: Bank Vontobel AG, Gotthardstrasse 43, 8022 Zurich., the paying agent in Germany: the paying agent in Germany: LBBW Landesbank Baden-Württemberg, Große Bleiche 54-56, 55116 Mainz., the paying agent in Liechtenstein: Liechtensteinische Landesbank AG, Städtle 44, FL-9490 Vaduz, the paying agent in Austria Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG, Graben 21, A-1010 Vienna. The funds authorised for distribution in the United Kingdom can be viewed in the FCA register under the Scheme Reference Number 466625. This information was approved by Vontobel Asset Management SA, London Branch, which has its registered office at Third Floor, 22 Sackville Street, London W1S 3DN and is authorised by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) and subject to limited regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA). Details about the extent of regulation by the FCA are available from Vontobel Asset Management SA, London Branch, on request. The KIID can be obtained in English from Vontobel Asset Management SA, London Branch, Third Floor, 22 Sackville Street, London W1S 3DN or downloaded from our website vontobel.com/am. The fund and its subfunds are not available to retail investors in Singapore. Selected sub-funds of the fund are currently recognized as restricted schemes by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. These sub-funds may only be offered to certain prescribed persons on certain conditions as provided in the "Securities and Futures Act", Chapter 289 of Singapore. The fund is not authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong. It may only be offered to those investors qualifying as professional investors under the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution and if you are in any doubt about any of the contents of this document, you should obtain independent professional advice. This information was approved by Vontobel Asset Management Asia Pacific Ltd., which has its registered office at 1901 Gloucester Tower, The Landmark 15 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

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Glossary

Benchmark

An index that is used to measure the performance of an investment fund with the purpose of tracking the return of such index or of defining the asset allocation of a portfolio or of computing the performance fees.

Beta

A measure of sensitivity - given as the average percentage change in the price of a fund when the market (benchmark) rises or falls by 1%. A value over (under) 1 means that on average the fund exhibits more (less) volatility than the benchmark. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

Duration (Modified Duration)

Duration is an indication of how much a bond's price could be affected by a change in interest rates.

Effective Duration

Is a measure of the potential impact on a bond or portfolio price of a 1% change in interest rates across all maturities.

Hedging

Where a Class of Shares is described as hedged ("Hedged Share Class"), the intention is to hedge the Net Asset Value in the Reference Currency of the Sub/Fund into the Currency of the Hedged Share Class.

Information ratio

The information ratio (IR) is a ratio of portfolio returns above the returns of a benchmark to the volatility of those returns

Jensen's Alpha

Yield indicator. If the average return on a security or portfolio is larger than its expected return, the alpha is positive. If the average return is smaller than expected, the alpha is negative.

Management Fee

Is a fee which covers all costs relating to possible services rendered in connection with investment management and distribution. Please refer to the fund's prospectus for a complete description.

NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) represents the value per share. It is calculated by dividing the total net asset value of the fund (the value of the fund's assets less its liabilities) by the number of shares outstanding.

Performance Fee

The payment made to an Investment Manager if certain performance levels are achieved (often over and above any levels set out in the investment objective) within a set time period. Please refer to the fund's prospectus for a complete description.

Reference Index

The difference to benchmark is that the reference index is not used for calculation of performance fees.

Sharpe Ratio

The Sharpe ratio indicates the additional reward per unit of risk compared to a risk-free investment. It reveals how much performance was achieved at what level of risk.

TER

The fees and incidental costs charged on the management of collective investment schemes are to be disclosed using the internationally recognized Total Expense Ratio (TER). This ratio expresses the sum of all fees and incidental costs charged on an ongoing basis to the collective investment scheme's assets (operating expenses) taken retrospectively as a percentage of the net assets

Tracking error

Measure of the deviation of the return of a fund compared to the return of a benchmark over a fixed period of time. Expressed as a percentage. The more passively the investment fund is managed, the smaller the tracking error.

Volatility

Volatility (or risk or standard deviation) is an indicator of the range of fluctuation of the annualized performance of a fund over a certain period.

Weighted Average Coupon (WAC)

The coupon is the annual interest rate paid by a bond issuer on the face value of the bond.

Yield to Maturity

The rate of return anticipated on a bond if it is held until the maturity date.

Yield to Worst

The lowest potential yield that can be received on a bond without the issuer actually defaulting. The yield to worst is calculated by making worst-case scenario assumptions on the issue by calculating the returns that would be received if provisions are used by the issuer.
